HOUSE BILL No. 1307

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 33-35-2-5.

Synopsis: Lake County city and town court jurisdiction. Increases the maximum civil jurisdiction from an amount in controversy of \$3,000 to an amount in controversy of \$6,000 for the: (1) East Chicago, Gary, Hammond, and Hobart city courts; and (2) Merrillville town court.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

Fine

January 13, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.



First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1307

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 33-35-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5. The city court of
each of the four (4) cities having the largest populations and the town
court of the town having the largest population in a county having a
population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than
seven hundred thousand (700,000) have concurrent civil jurisdiction
with the circuit court of the county where the amount in controversy
does not exceed three six thousand dollars (\$3,000). (\$6,000). The
court has jurisdiction in any action where the parties or the subject
matter are in the county in which the city or town is located. However,
the city or town court does not have jurisdiction in:
(1) actions for slander or libel;

- (2) matters relating to decedents' estates, appointment of guardians, and all related matters;
- (3) dissolution of marriage actions; or



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1 (4) injunction or mandate actions.

